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# Hydro Power Plant DACUM Report

February 26, 2016

*Center of Excellence for Clean Energy  
Centralia College*

### Primary Meeting Focus

" What is the typical work profile of an entry level worker at a Northwest Hydro Power Plant?"

"What is the core knowledge, skills and aptitudes (KSAs) a person needs to do this work?"

### Agenda

1. Welcome & Introduction            Barbara Hins-Turner
2. Panel Introductions
3. DACUM Workshop Overview
4. Focus Questions Review
5. Workshop I - Mapping the work profile
6. Lunch
7. Workshop II - Mapping the KSAs
8. Final Plenary and next steps
9. Thanks to the Panel members   Barbara Hins-Turner

### Participants:

Name	Company or Municipality
Pat McCarty	Tacoma Power
Larry Burnett	Tacoma Power
Bob Gunther	IBEW 77
Dan Kay	Lewis County PUD
Jeremy Blue	PNECE
Micah Goo	Centralia City Light
Michelle Vargo	Seattle City Light
Terry Knight	Avista Corporation
Troy Nutter	Puget Sound Energy

In addition surveys were completed by 16 additional subject matter experts (SMEs) as follows:

Source	Number of completed surveys received
Seattle City Light	3
City of Tacoma	2
AVISTA Corporation	6
Tacoma Power	4
Canadian Hydro SME	1

<b>Total number of Hydro Power Subject Matter Experts consulted</b>	<b>25</b>
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**Staff present** from Centralia Community College, Grays Harbor College and the Pacific Northwest, Center of Excellence for Clean Energy were as follows.

Barbara Hins-Turner	Director for the Pacific Northwest, Center of Excellence for Clean Energy
Angela Conley	Staff Support, Pacific Northwest, Center of Excellence for Clean Energy
Robert Topping	Faculty, Centralia College
John Steidel	Faculty, Centralia College
Mike Kelly	Workforce, Grays Harbor College

**Facilitation:** Dave Cunningham: Dr Susan Hoyne

**Notes:**

1. The SME survey and a summary of responses are in appendix B and C respectively.
2. All numbering and lettering in this document is for ease of reference only. It does not denote priority or level of importance.

The panel introduced themselves. Their experience and expertise was broad representing the utility industry in some depth covering the power generation sector, the business sector and training sector of the industry. Coupled to that, the pre-meeting survey that was sent, to Hydro Power Generation professionals in the Northwest and in Canada had been tabulated and brought to the meeting as an additional source of experience and ideas for the discussion. In the course of introductory remarks, the panel shared their thoughts on developments and challenges facing the industry - especially the sector involved with Hydro power generation. The challenges and developments that were discussed were as follows:

1. The new safety-related regulations from the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission or FERC raises the bar on safety standards. These new FERC standards call for changes in past practices and considerably more documentation, both of which complicate the work of management and technical staff at Hydro power generation plants. Small companies and Hydro Power Generation plants are especially burdened by the increased documentation required under FERC.
2. Shifts in the energy business markets with the influx of natural gas production, wind, solar and other energy sources have impacted pricing structures and other factors. These market shifts impact the power generation at Hydro power plants - changing the past power generation practices and therefore the work of DAM management and operators. For example, power demands over a typical day have shifted and in some cases - a lot. Maintenance work that was once done in the down times has to be re-scheduled which affects work shifts, life styles and more. The scale of these market changes was likened to a 180° shift in how some Hydro power plants operate.
3. The pending wave of retirements in this industry was raised. As in many industries in the Pacific Northwest, the energy industry is anticipating a big exodus of very experienced and skilled people. Tacoma Power and Light for example faces a potential retirement of 40% of their workers. Also, the concern is the labor market indicators suggest the pool of potential replacements for these people is quite inadequate to meet the industry need.
4. In the face of these retirements the industry seems challenged to address how the knowledge transfer of the retiring generation can be passed on to their replacements. New approaches with modern technology and some old tried-and-tested approaches like apprenticeship will need to be examined. This challenge appears to have some urgency associated with it.
5. Comments on the above point touched on some characteristics of the millennial generation. The perceptions shared suggested the observed work ethics of many millennial workers - as commonly understood - were unsuited to the safe and efficient operation of dams and their equipment. This perhaps challenges educators to give new emphasis to teaching professionalism for new entrants to this industry.

6. The phenomena of cyber security is a central challenge for this industry. In as much as the issue is national as well as local there are huge implications for large infrastructures like Hydro power generation plants. Centralia City Light, for example, reports as many as 15,000 hits per day on their website, many of which are suspected to be illegal attempts to hack the city's information core. Changes in security measures, work practices, technologies and education and training seem to be inevitable and as such will impact training programs for the industry.
7. Linked to this is the connection between hydro operations technology and information technology or the OT/IT challenge. Changes seem to be afoot which may impact the core knowledge, core skills and aptitudes required of workers at Hydro power sites.
8. The state of the aging infrastructure of dams and associated buildings present operators and municipalities with real fiscal challenges.
9. On Safety KSAs, it was pointed out that all employers, utilities and hydro sites have very developed safety training practices for all employees. That being so, any new training program within the college system can devote resources to other aspects of the field and rely on the safety KSAs to be taught on the work site.

### The Preferred Attributes of the entry level worker

Mechanically oriented	Resourceful but knows his/her limits	Communicates well	Is able to multi-task easily
A self-starter	Dependable	Makes 'good coffee!'	Observant
Safety minded	Follows both written and verbal direction from superiors	Usually keeps calm in emergencies	Can work independently without too much supervision
Good team player	Has an eye for details	Self-motivated	Enjoys learning

**Note:**

The text in blue denotes attributes that are essential for a successful career in this aspect of the Energy industry

### The Core Knowledge required of an entry-level worker to any Hydro Power Generation plant in the Pacific Northwest

Purple shading denotes in-depth knowledge required

<b>Regulations &amp; Terminology</b> <b>A</b>	<b>Industry Basics</b> <b>B</b>	<b>Applied Engineering Basics</b> <b>C</b>		<b>DAM Fundamentals</b> <b>D</b>	<b>Control Systems Fundamentals</b> <b>E</b>
FERC and other Federal regulations A1	Math fundamentals B1	Basic Mechanical Principles & Technologies C1	Electrical Theory C2	DAM Basics D1	All the indications of normal operations (Instrument readings etc) E1
NERC, WECC & CIP regs A2	Application of MMS or other input devices B2	Compressors & pumps (common applications) C3	Basic Hydraulics C4	DAM Safety D2	
All pertinent Codes and State regulations A3	Common Measurement tools, units & recording devises B3	Hydro-Turbine Basics C5	Station Batteries & Chargers (Both AC & DC) C6	Signs, Sounds, Smells of abnormal conditions D3	Relay Targets & how to recognize them E2
Industry Terminology & Measurement Units A4	Asset Management Fundamentals B4	Basics of the Governor and Generators C7	AC/DC Motors C8	The plant and Spillways D4	
Personal Protective Equipment Types and uses A5		Basic Blue Print Reading (Mech/Elect, other) C9	Normal Flow Rates C10	The 'Why' of how all systems work D5	PLC technologies from a user perspective E3
		Basic Fluid Dynamics C11		Normal Operations versus Alarm or Action states D6	General Supervisory & Data Acquisition Systems E4
Safety Fundamentals as per each Company & Municipality Standard Operations Requirements					

### The Core Skills required of an entry-level worker to any Hydro Power Generation plant in the Pacific Northwest

Skills not prioritized. Each worker will be able to - demonstrate the following skills:

<b>Job Preparation &amp; Mathematics</b> <b>A</b>	<b>Communications</b> <b>B</b>	<b>Mechanical Technologies &amp; Tools</b> <b>C</b>		<b>Technical Job-Based Skills</b> <b>D</b>
Create detailed work plans including tools and equipment lists A1	Use Microsoft Office tools to make plans, do calculations, record work done and make reports B1	Bend conduit C1	Use thermal imaging technology to inspect and troubleshoot systems C2	Troubleshoot a range of mechanical & electrical equipment as commonly found at Hydro Power sites D1
Select the correct personal protective equipment for each job A2	Demonstrate proficiency with Excel B2	Demonstrate very basic skills with mechanics, welding, machining, plumbing and carpentry C3	Use common hand and power tools C4	Interpret blue prints (mechanical, electrical and other) D2
Calculate water flows, electrical parameters, pressures, A3	Communicate clearly verbally and electronically B3	Make equipment alignments as necessary C5	Use both left-hand and right hand threads with piping and other tools C6	Read and comprehend detailed technical instructions D3
Use common measuring devices A4	Demonstrate proficiency with Touch Screen technology B4	Inspect a wide range of tools for repairs, adjustments & calibration C7	Cut gaskets for a range of equipment from several commonly used materials C8	Operate equipment-moving vehicles and lifts D4
Demonstrate proficiency with the basic math functions as commonly used in Hydro Power Generation sites A5	Write coherent, succinct & detailed maintenance logs B5			
	Know those occasions when to call for assistance B6			
<b>Demonstrate skills in safety monitoring as per company S.O.P.s</b>				

### The Work Profile of an Entry-Level worker to a Pacific Northwest Hydro Power Generation Facility

Major Work Functions	Typical Work Tasks (Tan denotes very challenging but also common for the new hire; Purple denotes very challenging task; Green denotes a very common task)								
<b>Power House Rounds</b>  <b>A</b>	Check the dam and spillways  A1	Monitor computerized control systems  A2	Check for signs of abnormal operations  A4	Check all systems for safe operations  A5	Follow all clearance tagging S.O.P.s closely  A7	Check all auxiliary systems (Fire extinguishers, HVAC etc)  A8	Check all oil levels, pressures, temperatures on generator bearings  A9	Check all power house equipment & generators  A10	Check the general plant conditions A11
	Check security monitoring system for proper operations  A3		Monitor all equipment and instrument indicators  A6			Check for visibility A12			
<b>The External Rounds</b>  <b>B</b>	Perform environmental & safety inspections  B1	Check the substation & transmissions  B2	Inspect waterways for sluffs, sink-holes and piping  B3	Maintain access routes to critical facilities  B4	Check Dam to water intake system  B5	Check all critical infrastructure (Forebay, Motion analyzer etc)  B6	Check for vegetation clearances  B7	Check fish return lines  B8	
<b>Operations &amp; Maintenance</b>  <b>C</b>	Troubleshoot all systems  C1	Read and interpret all types of blue prints  C2	Prepare Generators for operations  C3	Monitor all instrument readings as per S.O.P.s  C4	Operate the spillway  C5	Conduct valve operations  C6	Operate heavy equipment (CAT, Back Hoe, Crane etc)  C7	Operate large grass mower  C8	Do Asset Management on spare parts  C9
<b>Record keeping &amp; Communications</b>  <b>D</b>	Maintain accurate daily records  D1	Maintain FERC documentation  D2	Maintain all maintenance records  D3	Record time spent on the job - daily  D4	Record river flow and line outages  D5	Monitor conditions of all tools and document the deficiencies  D6	Report all findings  D7	Communicate with co-workers and supervisors  D8	Interact with the public in a professional manner  D9
<b>Safety</b>  <b>E</b>	Maintain situational awareness at all times  E1	Conduct morning 'Tail Boards'  E2	Adhere to 'confined space' restrictions  E3	Conduct L.O.T.O. As per S.O.P.s  E4	Wear proper work attire including PPE at all times  E5	Maintain a safe and productive work environment  E6	Assess hazard potential to self and others  E7	Maintain Haz.com awareness - always  E8	

## Appendices

### Appendix A

Power Generation Skill Standards for Plant Operators & Plant Mechanics  
(Not included in this report but available from the Pacific Northwest Center of Excellence for Clean Energy)

### Appendix B

Industry Survey of Work Profile and KSAs required of entry level plant operators and maintenance technicians

### Appendix C

Summary of results from 16 completed surveys



## Appendix B

### Industry Survey of Work Profile and KSAs required of entry level plant operators and maintenance technicians

#### Introduction:

On February 26, we will convene a group in Centralia of subject matter experts in Hydro Energy Generation. The purpose of the meeting is to guide the college in designing course work on the subject that will become part of the two year program in Energy Technology and Power Operations. Certain colleagues and partners of ours, including yourself, will not be able to attend this group meeting in person for a variety of reasons. However, we still want your input. Below are the four questions we will be exploring in some depth that day and if you provide us your responses, we will make sure they are built into the work of the group.

In an anticipation of your support, again, accept our deepest appreciation.

**1. Please list a minimum of 10-15 work tasks that are common on most sites for conducting day-to-day operations and maintenance.**

EXAMPLES: *'Monitor all instrument readings for signs of non-performance'*  
*'Troubleshoot any indicators of possible instrument or system malfunction.'*  
*'Complete daily, weekly reports as per S.O.P.s'*


For the workshop on the KSAs required to do this work:

**2. List 8-10 foundational knowledge elements that a typical HYDRO operator/maintenance technician must know.**

EXAMPLES: *'Instrument readings for normal operations' 'indicators for system malfunctions or out of compliance performance.'* *'Regulatory safety standards for all HYDRO facilities'*


**3. List 8-10 skills that a typical HYDRO operator/maintenance technician must have. (Note: skills must be observable or measureable)**

EXAMPLES: *Is able to " use hand and power tools as required" "work long hours in a sometimes uncomfortable, outdoor setting" "clearly document work done and system malfunctions"*


**4. List 5-6 aptitudes a person needs to be successful in HYDRO Operations and Maintenance (Like personality traits)**

EXAMPLEs: *'Observant', 'reliable', 'self starter,' 'enjoys the out of doors', 'can assume responsibility'*

**5. On a scale of 1-7 please rate your interest in Hydro Operator training for Apprentice level staff with 7 being the strongest interest.**

1-2-3-4-5-6-7

**6. On a scale of 1-7 please rate your interest in Hydro Operator training for Journey level Hydro Operators with 7 being the strongest interest.**

1-2-3-4-5-6-7

**7. On a scale of 1-7 please rate your interest in Hydro Operator training delivered via internet with 7 being the strongest interest.**

1-2-3-4-5-6-7

**8. On a scale of 1-7 please rate your interest in Hydro Operator training delivered in a classroom and via internet with 7 being the strongest interest.**

1-2-3-4-5-6-7

**9. On a scale of 1-7 please rate your interest in Hydro Operator training delivered in a classroom with 7 being the strongest interest.**

**10. Please list any topics you feel should have been asked about.**

**11. Any Comments?**

**Closure:**

A copy of the report of this meeting will be sent to you for your edits and additions in early March. Although you will not be in attendance, should you send us your answers to this survey, we will include you in the participant list. Many thanks.

## Appendix C

### Summary of results from 16 completed surveys

#### Question 1: Typical Work tasks

- A. Troubleshoot mechanical and electrical systems according to S.O.P.s**
  - A1 Troubleshoot and report on all abnormalities
  - A2 Troubleshoot all systems; electrical, mechanical, pneumatic, hydraulic
  - A3 Analyze problems and determine necessary repairs
  - A4 Read and interpret drawings and schematics
  
- B. Inspect all systems for proper functioning (weekly, monthly, annually)**
  - B1 Observe functioning of station equipment - constantly
  - B2 Check oil levels and temperatures on generator bearings
  - B3 Inspect and do minor maintenance on the governor
  - B4 Check and maintain all EGs
  - B5 Check the daily event log
  - B6 Check generator brush rigging
  - B7 Check strong motion analyzers
  - B8 Do visual inspection of project switch yards and substations
  - B9 Run system checks as per S.O.P.s
  - B10 Inspect Operating Board
  - B11 Check for structure alignment and piping
  - B12 Check general plant conditions
  - B13 Check all HVAC systems are functioning
  - B14 identify needed improvements
  - B15 conduct oil analysis as needed
  - B16 Make oil and filter changes on mobile and fixed equipment
  - B17 Check all bearings and lubricate as needed
  - B18 Inspect all electrical transmission and distribution equipment outside of main plant
  - B19 Inspect the dam and head-works
  
- C. Maintain equipment according to S.O.P.s**
  - C1 Maintain all sub-station equipment
  - C2 Maintain proper lubrication of all equipment according to S.O.P.s
  - C3 Communicate with engineering on repairs, malfunctions & job planning
  - C4 Do routine mechanical maintenance through a work asset management system
  - C5 Evaluate and plan for repairs in-house
  - C6 Conduct annual generator maintenance
  - C7 Assist dispatchers with plant control
  - C8 Check all powerhouse equipment & generators
  - C9 Check dams and spillways

- C10 Do routine daily sweeps
- C11 Do daily inspections, inside and outside the plant
- C12 Clean all walkways of snow and debris
- C13 Check all critical infrastructure
- C14 Evaluate and determine equipment shutdown and isolation requirements for maintenance

**D. Security and safety Checks**

- D1 Check security monitoring system
- D2 Check for signs and sounds of abnormal function
- D3 Check all systems for safety while in operation (in plant, perimeter, downstream)
- D4 Check the PC S alarm page
- D5 Check all clearance and tagging S.O.P.s are closely followed
- D6 Enforce all safety standards and procedures with outside crews and visitors
- D7 Analyze a system for job hazards
- D8 Consider HAZMAT, lead, asbestos contamination as part of work planning
- D9 Adhere to confined space restrictions

**E. Professional Development**

- E1 Stay informed on status of plant operations & projects
- E2 Train apprentices
- E3 Keep knowledge and skills up to date

**F. Documentation**

- F1 Input service requests as per S.O.P.s
- F2 Maintain accurate daily records
- F3 Keep up on paper work
- F4 Record river flow and line outages
- F5 Complete FERC Weekly inspection logs
- F6 Document all personnel movements into and out of the plant
- F7 Complete all required reports on time
- F8 Document operational run times
- F9 Test and document critical equipment
- F10 Exercise emergency generators
- F11 Keep emergency truck stocked with tools, supplies as needed in an emergency

**G. Standard Operations**

- G1 Restore equipment to normal function or remove from service
- G2 Prepare turbines for operations and starts, stops; control the unit
- G3 Perform switching operations (480V - 230KV) High voltage
- G4 Operate spillway gates
- G5 Monitor computerized control system
- G6 Calculate flow and make adjustments as needed

- G7 Synching generators online and take them off line
- G8 Stop and start units with Plant Control System
- G9 Wipe generator slip rings
- G10 Monitor lake levels and debris build up
- G11 Monitor instrument readings as per S.O.P.s
- G12 Adjust electrical loads and voltages as necessary.
- G13 Daily housekeeping
- G14 Check powerhouse daily
- G15 Order parts , expendable materials, and supplies for unique and routine jobs
- G16 Do daily park checks, water samples, sewage checks, LOSS
- G17 Plan upcoming jobs , arrange for labor and plan B if no-one shows
- G18 Start, continue or finish diverse welding, machining, woodworking, plumbing or research tasks to keep the project going. (A Hydro project is its own municipality with its own water, power, sewage, communication systems to maintain and repair as needed.)
- G19 Use Human Machine Interface (HMI) to view operating parameters
- G20 Operate primary electrical devices, breakers, interrupters, disconnect switches etc)
- G21 Communicate with Control Center System Operations (CCSO)
- G22 Perform forebay and tailrace elevations and take corrective action as necessary
- G23 Read Blue prints on electrical, mechanical and civil systems as necessary
- G24 Conduct valve operations

## **Question 2: Core Knowledge:**

### **A. Equipment Specs and limits**

- A1 Equipment performance limits
- A2 Lock out and tag-out procedures for all equipment
- A3 Generator RPM limits
- A4. Standard equipment nomenclature & acronyms

### **B. Safety Regs and Procedures**

- B1 All safety standards and S.O.P.s
- B2 Minimum safe approach distances for generators
- B3 Relay targets and how to recognize them
- B4 Arc/Flash boundaries
- B5 HED license agreement & WECC standards
- B6. Typical emergency conditions and responses
- B7 Typical signs & sounds of abnormal or unsafe conditions
- B8 Step/touch potential
- B9 Circumstances requiring an electrical clearance
- B10 The limits of electrical approach distances and boundaries
- B11 The National Electrical Code (NEC) and Washington Admin Code (WAC) regards safety at Hydro plants
- B12 Clearance and tagging requirements

- B13 Switching and tagging requirements
- B14 FERC/NERC/WAC/OSHA/NESC/NFPA/7OE rules Requirements
- B15 Safety/PPE requirements for plant and switchyard
- B16 Follow all dam safety emergency action plans as per S.O.P.s

**C. All plant systems, mechanical and electrical**

- C1. Technician level knowledge of all systems & equipment
- C2. Equipment control systems and procedures
- C3. Fundamental electrical theory (AC/DC - Digital & Analog systems)
- C4. Basics Hydraulics
- C5. Compressors and pumps (low and medium pressures up to 500psi)
- C6. Basic mechanical principals & technologies
- C7. Hydro instrumentation and measurements
- C8. Different hydro units and basic principles of how a Hydro plant works
- C9 Dealing with high voltage systems, transmission and substations
- C10. Basics of the Governor and generators
- C11. Voltage regulation
- C12. Standard approaches to troubleshooting plant systems and technologies
- C13. Basic blue print reading
- C14 Protective relays
- C15 AC/DC motors
- C16 Switching technologies
- C17 PLC technologies from a user perspective
- C18 Standard electrical test equipment
- C19 All the indicators of normal standard operations (sights, sounds, instrument readings etc
- C20 Basics of power flow
- C21 Plant & Spillway capacities
- C22 Operation and maintenance of inter coolers and after coolers
- C23 General supervisory and data acquisition systems
- C24 Basic math to include arithmetic functions, algebra, geometry

**D. S.O.P.s for various contingencies**

- D1. How to deal with outages
- D2 Communications with power dispatchers
- D3 Plant Failure modes and what to look for

**E. River flow management**

- E1 S.O.P.s
- E2 Normal flow rates

### **Question 3 Core Skills**

#### **A. Hand and power Tools**

A1 Power drills, portable band saws & cordless tools

#### **B. Boom lifts and other large equipment**

B1 Operates various lifts

B2 Truck driving

B3 Equipment hauling

B4 Basic heavy equipment operations & maintenance

#### **C. Specialty equipment**

C1 Underground locating devices

C2 Hot sticks and other special equipment

C3 Operate primary system generators

C4 Selects correct PPE for a job

#### **D. Computer IT skill**

D1 User level skill with MS Office tools (Excel a must)

D2 Comfortable with touch screen technology

#### **E. Troubleshooting**

E1 Troubleshoot mechanical and electrical systems

#### **F. Communications**

F1 Clear communications, verbal, and electronic in English

F2. Documents clearly in English

F3 Knows the Trade language

F4 Knows when to call for help

F5 Read and comprehend detailed, technical instructions

#### **G. Mechanical skills**

G1 Can bend conduit

G2 Pipe threading tools

G3 Read and interpret blue prints

G4 Basic welding

G5 Basic machining

#### **H. Other**

H1 Interpret blue prints

H2 general skills as a mechanic, welder, machinist, plumber and carpenter are very helpful

H3 Calculate flows, electrical parameters, pressures etc



H4 Create detailed work plans including tools and equipment lists

H5 Write up a maintenance log

Operator Skills	Technician skills
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Operate generators in all modes and methods of operation</li> <li>2. Computer skills - strong in MS Office tools especially Excel</li> <li>3. Physically fit and able to inspect the plant and its equipment</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Computer skills - strong in MS Office tools especially Excel</li> <li>2. Has all operators skills</li> <li>3. Trouble shooting electrical systems</li> <li>4. Troubleshooting mechanical systems</li> <li>5. Basic welding, machining, fabrication</li> <li>6. Crane rigging equipment</li> <li>7. Operate trucks, fork lift and boats</li> <li>8. Can read all prints</li> <li>9. Basic plumbing and pneumatics</li> </ol>

### Question 4 - Required Aptitudes for success

1. Safety minded
2. Self starter
3. Eye for details
4. Mechanically oriented
5. Dependable - shows up on time
6. Communicates well
7. Keeps calm in emergency
8. Observant
9. Team player - can work with diverse personality types
10. Enjoys learning
11. Resourceful
12. Enjoys out of doors and OK with inclement weather
13. Flexible and able to work off hours when necessary and 12 hour shifts
14. Follows directions verbally and written
15. Can work at heights
16. Can work independently with minimal supervision
17. Good hand-eye coordination
18. Able to multi-task
19. Can access tight spaces
20. Can climb difficult terrain
21. Adheres to warning signs

**Average scores between 1 and 7, 7 being the highest:**

Question #	Question	Average score
5	Interest level in Hydro-Operator training for Apprentice level staff	5.8
6	Interest level in Hydro-Operator training for Journey-level level staff	5.0
7	Interest level in Hydro-Operator training delivered via the internet	4.7
8	Interest level in Hydro-Operator training delivered in a classroom and via the internet	4.7
9	Interest level in Hydro-Operator training delivered in a classroom	4.6

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